ENTRY SESSION 0.21 0.21

## FULL ESTIMATED COST

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=> s 50-35-1/rn
L1 1 50-35-1/RN
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=> d 11

L1 ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 50-35-1 REGISTRY

CN 1H-Isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-(2,6-dioxo-3-piperidinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Phthalimide, N-(2,6-dioxo-3-piperidyl)- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI) OTHER NAMES:

CN (.+-.)-Thalidomide

CN .alpha.-(N-Phthalimido)glutarimide

CN .alpha.-N-Phthalylglutaramide

CN .alpha.-Phthalimidoglutarimide

CN 1,3-Dioxo-2-(2,6-dioxopiperidin-3-yl)isoindoline

CN 3-Phthalimidoglutarimide

CN Celgene

CN Contergan

CN Distaval

CN K 17

CN Kevadon

CN N-(2,6-Dioxo-3-piperidyl)phthalimide

CN N-Phthaloylglutamimide CN Quetimid Sedoval CN Softenil CN CN Softenon CN Talimol Thalidomide CN Thalomid CN FS 3D CONCORD

DR 14088-68-7, 731-40-8

MF C13 H10 N2 O4

CI COM

LC STN Files: ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN\*,
BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS,
CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU,
DIOGENES, DRUGNL, DRUGU, DRUGUPDATES, EMBASE, HODOC\*, HSDB\*, IPA,
MEDLINE, MRCK\*, MSDS-OHS, NIOSHTIC, PHAR, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS\*, SPECINFO,
SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, USAN, USPATFULL

(\*File contains numerically searchable property data)
Other Sources: EINECS\*\*, WHO

(\*\*Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

790 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

44 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

797 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

15 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

=> file caplus
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 1.96 2.17

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 06:30:03 ON 10 APR 2002 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 10 Apr 2002 VOL 136 ISS 15

AN 2000:48781 CAPLUS

DN 132:175214

TI New anti-angiogenesis agents: review of the clinical experience with carboxyamido-triazole (CAI), thalidomide, TNP-470, and interleukin-12

AU Masiero, Laura; Figg, William D.; Kohn, Elise C.

CS Laboratory of Pathology, National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, MD, 20892, USA

SO Angiogenesis (1997), 1(1), 23-35 CODEN: AGIOFT; ISSN: 0969-6970

PB Kluwer Academic Publishers

DT Journal; General Review

LA English

CC 1-0 (Pharmacology)

AΒ A review with 83 refs. is given focussing on 4 agents under investigation in the US: carboxyamido-triazole (CAI), thalidomide, TNP-470, and interleukin (IL)-12. Angiogenesis was postulated to be a crit. prognostic factor and therapeutic focus for malignancy more than 2 decades ago. Recent studies indicate quant. assessments of microvessel count to be an independent prognostic variable for disease-free and overall survival in a wide variety of tumors, and that angiogenesis may be a feasible target against which to intervene pharmacol. Several new and old agents were found to have anti-angiogenic activity and have reached clin. trial. This review will focus on 4 agents under investigation in the US: carboxyamido-triazole (CAI), thalidomide, TNP-470, and interleukin (IL)-12. CAI, originally identified for its anti-invasive capacity, was shown to inhibit tumor and endothelial cell proliferation by inhibition of Ca uptake. It is administered orally, is generally well tolerated, and was shown to induce disease stabilization and occasional redns. in tumor Thalidomide was shown to inhibit growth factor-induced neo-vessel formation, a process that can also explain its earlier devastating clin. toxicity. It is administered orally, and is currently in phase II clin. trials for prostate cancer, glioblastoma multiforme, and breast cancer. TNP-470 is a fumagillin analog that was shown in in vivo models to be a potent inhibitor of angiogenesis at concns. that are cytostatic to endothelial cells and tumor cells. Lastly, IL-12 may exert its anti-angiogenic effects through activation of interferon-.gamma. to up-regulate interferon-inducible protein-10, an anti-angiogenic cytokine. Phase I clin. trials of IL-12 have shown disease stabilization in several tumor types in response to s.c. administration or using genetically engineered IL-12-expressing patient fibroblasts. These promising new agents join the matrix metalloproteinase inhibitors as important new drugs in the anti-cancer armamentarium.

ST review angiogenesis inhibitor antitumor

IT Angiogenesis

Angiogenesis inhibitors

(new anti-angiogenesis agents)

IT Interleukin 12

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (new anti-angiogenesis agents) 99519-84-3, 1H-1,2,3-Triazole-4-50-35-1, Thalidomide carboxamide, 5-amino-1-[[3,5-dichloro-4-(4-chlorobenzoyl)phenyl]methyl]-129298-91-5, TNP-470 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (new anti-angiogenesis agents) RE.CNT THERE ARE 83 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD (1) Alessandro, R; In Vivo 1996, V10, P153 CAPLUS (2) Angiolillo, A; J Exp Med 1995, V182, P155 CAPLUS (3) Bakay, B; J Pharmacol Exp Ther 1969, V161, P348 (4) Baran, I; Biophys J 1996, V70, P1198 CAPLUS (5) Berridge, M; Ann NY Acad Sci 1995, V766, P31 CAPLUS (6) Brem, S; Cancer 1978, V41, P239 MEDLINE (7) Brown, A; Annu Rev Physiol 1990, V52, P197 CAPLUS (8) Brunda, M; Int J Cancer 1987, V40, P807 CAPLUS (9) Brunda, M; J Exp Med 1993, V178, P1223 CAPLUS (10) Bukowski, R; Proc Am Soc Clin Oncol 1997, V16, P108a (11) Chan, S; J Exp Med 1991, V173, P869 CAPLUS (12) Chen, T; Drug Metab Disp 1989, V17, P402 CAPLUS (13) Clemmensen, O; Arch Dermatol 1984, V120, P338 MEDLINE (14) Cole, K; Cancer Met Rev 1994, V13, P33 (15) Cretton-Scott, E; Cancer Chemother Pharmacol 1996, V38, P117 (16) Dezube, B; Proc Natl AIDS Malignancy Conference 1997, PA35 (17) DiPaolo, J; Antibiotics Annual 1958-1959, P541 MEDLINE (18) Dixon, S; Proc Am Ass Cancer Res 1997, V38, P428a (19) Dvorak, H; N Engl J Med V315, P1650 MEDLINE (20) D'Amato, R; Proc Natl Acad Sci 1994, V91, P4082 CAPLUS (21) Ezekowitz, R; N Engl J Med 1994, V326, P1456 (22) Felder, C; Biochem Pharmacol 1994, V48, P1997 CAPLUS (23) Felder, C; J Pharmacol Exp Ther 1991, V257, P967 CAPLUS (24) Figg, W; Pharmacotherapy 1997, V17, P91 CAPLUS (25) Figg, W; Proc Am Soc Clin Oncol 1997, V16, P333a (26) Fine, H; Proc Am Soc Clin Oncol 1997, V16, P385a (27) Folkman, J; Control of Proliferation in Animal Cells 1974, P833 (28) Folkman, J; J Biol Chem 1992, V267, P10931 CAPLUS (29) Folkman, J; New Eng J Med 1996, V333, P1757 (30) Fullerton, P; J Neuro Neurosurg Psychiat 1968, V31, P543 MEDLINE (31) Gately, M; J Immunol 1991, V147, P874 CAPLUS (32) Gimbrone, M; J Exp Med 1972, V136, P261 (33) Goey, S; Proc Am Soc Clin Oncol 1997, V16, P435a (34) Good, D; Proc Natl Acad Sci 1990, V87, P6624 CAPLUS (35) Gordon, G; Proc Natl Acad Sci 1981, V78, P2545 CAPLUS (36) Gottlieb, A; Lab Invest 1991, V65, P123 MEDLINE (37) Gutierrez-Rodriguez, O; J Rheumatol 1989, V16, P158 MEDLINE (38) Hanahan, D; Cell 1996, V86, P356 (39) Hanson, F; J Bacteriol 1949, V58, P527 CAPLUS (40) Hess, C; J Neurol 1986, V233, P83 MEDLINE (41) Holmgren, L; Nat Med 1995, V1, P149 CAPLUS (42) Hori, A; Biochem Biophys Res Commun 1994, V204, P1067 CAPLUS (43) Ingber, D; Nature 1990, V348, P555 CAPLUS (44) Jacobson, J; N Engl J Med 1997, V336, P1487 CAPLUS (45) Killough, J; Science 1952, V115, P71 (46) Knop, J; Br J Dermatol 1983, V108, P461 MEDLINE (47) Kobayashi, M; J Exp Med 1989, V170, P827 CAPLUS

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10 mg 10 mg

IT

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- (83) Yoshinaga, I; Melanoma Res 1994, V4, P371 CAPLUS

```
ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
L1
     Effects of thalidomide on liver cancer
ΤI
     angiogenesis in mice
     2001:669172 CAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     136:379553
     Effects of thalidomide on liver cancer
TI
     angiogenesis in mice
     Wang, Xi'an; Xiao, Zhengda; Jin, Guanqiu; Wang, Luowei; Shen, Binhong;
ΑU
     Ding, Aini; Lu, Jiao; Shen, Min
     Department of Gastroenterology, No.411 Hospital of PLA, Shanghai, 200081,
CS
     Peop. Rep. China
     Dier Junyi Daxue Xuebao (2001), 22(6), 561-563
SO
     CODEN: DJXUE5; ISSN: 0258-879X
PB
     Dier Junyi Daxue Xuebao Bianjibu
DT
     Journal
LΑ
     Chinese
AB
     The vascular suppressive effect of thalidomide on mice
     liver cancer angiogenesis and its mechanism were
     studied. The exptl. animal model with liver cancer
     was made by s.c. inoculation of mice liver cancer HAC
     cells strain in Kunming mice. Mice with liver cancer
     were divided into 4 groups: neg. control group (distd. water perfusion
     stomach), pos. control group (cyclophosphamide 100 mg kg-1, i.p., 1, 3,
     and 5 d after inoculation), thalidomide A group, and
     thalidomide B group. Mice in thalidomide A and
     thalidomide B groups were treated with thalidomide (50
     mg kg d-1) for 1 and 5 days, resp. after inoculation.
                                                            The microvessel d.
     (MVD), PCNA, and VEGF were detected by Envision System immunohistochem.
     MVD were 2.9.+-.1.3 and 10.5.+-.2.7, and pos. rate of VEGF was
     (0.8.+-.0.2)% and (2.2.+-.1.1)%, resp. in thalidomide A and B
     groups. Both the MVD and the VEGF were significantly lower than those in
     neg. control group (P <0.05). The cancer suppressive rate of
     thalidomide A and B groups was 50.1% and 41.5%, resp. The results
     showed that thalidomide can inhibit the growth of mice HAC
     liver cancer through its antiangiogenic function.
ΤI
     Effects of thalidomide on liver cancer
     angiogenesis in mice
     The vascular suppressive effect of thalidomide on mice
AB
     liver cancer angiogenesis and its mechanism were
     studied. The exptl. animal model with liver cancer
     was made by s.c. inoculation of mice liver cancer HAC
     cells strain in Kunming mice. Mice with liver cancer
     were divided into 4 groups: neg. control group (distd. water perfusion
     stomach), pos. control group (cyclophosphamide 100 mg kg-1, i.p., 1, 3,
     and 5 d after inoculation), thalidomide A group, and
     thalidomide B group. Mice in thalidomide A and
     thalidomide B groups were treated with thalidomide (50
     mg kg d-1) for 1 and 5 days, resp. after inoculation. The microvessel d.
     (MVD), PCNA, and VEGF were detected by Envision System immunohistochem.
     MVD were 2.9.+-.1.3 and 10.5.+-.2.7, and pos. rate of VEGF was
     (0.8.+-.0.2)% and (2.2.+-.1.1)%, resp. in thalidomide A and B
     groups. Both the MVD and the VEGF were significantly lower than those in
     neg. control group (P <0.05). The cancer suppressive rate of
     thalidomide A and B groups was 50.1% and 41.5%, resp. The results
     showed that thalidomide can inhibit the growth of mice HAC
     liver cancer through its antiangiogenic function.
ST
     thalidomide liver cancer angiogenesis
IT
     Angiogenesis inhibitors
        (effects of thalidomide on liver cancer
        angiogenesis in mice)
IT
     Liver, neoplasm
        (hepatoma, inhibitors; effects of thalidomide on
```

liver cancer angiogenesis in mice)

- L2 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Nonsurgical treatment of hepatocellular carcinoma
- AN 2001:818154 CAPLUS
- DN 136:112075
- TI Nonsurgical treatment of hepatocellular carcinoma
- AU Aguayo, Alvaro; Patt, Yehuda Z.
- CS Division of Medicine, Departments of Medical Oncology and Gastrointestinal Medical Oncology, M.D. Anderson Cancer Center, The University of Texas, Houston, TX, 77030, USA
- SO Seminars in Oncology (2001), 28(5), 503-513 CODEN: SOLGAV; ISSN: 0093-7754
- PB W. B. Saunders Co.
- DT Journal; General Review
- LA English
- While surgical resection and tumor ablation are the preferred AB A review. therapies for hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC), these are available or appropriate in only a minority of patients. reflects the usual comorbidity of severe underlying liver disease that either precludes surgery or makes the surgical approach extremely dangerous. Nonetheless, regional control of HCC is highly relevant and many regional strategies have been explored, including hepatic intra-arterial chemotherapy, transarterial chemoembolization, lipiodol chemoembolization, radiation therapy, cryosurgery, percutaneous ethanol injection, and radiofrequency ablation. In addn., a variety of systemic chemotherapeutic agents have been tested in HCC, including various combinations of 5-fluorouracil, doxorubicin, epirubicin, etoposide, cisplatin, and mitoxantrone, as well as interferon, tamoxifen, capecitabine, thalidomide, and octreotide, Published data regarding these regional and systemic therapies will be discussed in this review.
- RE.CNT 119 THERE ARE 119 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- TI Nonsurgical treatment of hepatocellular carcinoma
- AB A review. While surgical resection and tumor ablation are the preferred therapies for hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC), these are available or appropriate in only a minority of patients. reflects the usual comorbidity of severe underlying liver disease that either precludes surgery or makes the surgical approach extremely dangerous. Nonetheless, regional control of HCC is highly relevant and many regional strategies have been explored, including hepatic intra-arterial chemotherapy, transarterial chemoembolization, lipiodol chemoembolization, radiation therapy, cryosurgery, percutaneous ethanol injection, and radiofrequency ablation. In addn., a variety of systemic chemotherapeutic agents have been tested in HCC, including various combinations of 5-fluorouracil, doxorubicin, epirubicin, etoposide, cisplatin, and mitoxantrone, as well as interferon, tamoxifen, capecitabine, thalidomide, and octreotide, Published data regarding these regional and systemic therapies will be discussed in this review.
- ST review antitumor hepatocellular carcinoma
- IT Temperature effects, biological
  - (cold, cryosurgery; nonsurgical treatment of hepatocellular carcinoma in humans)
- IT Embolism
  - (embolization, chemo-; nonsurgical treatment of hepatocellular carcinoma in humans)
- IT Temperature effects, biological
  - (heat, thermotherapy; nonsurgical treatment of hepatocellular carcinoma in humans)
- IT Liver, neoplasm
  - (hepatoma, inhibitors; nonsurgical treatment of hepatocellular carcinoma in humans)
- IT Antitumor agents

```
(hepatoma; nonsurgical treatment of hepatocellular
        carcinoma in humans)
IT
     Chemotherapy
    Human
     Radiotherapy
        (nonsurgical treatment of hepatocellular carcinoma
        in humans)
IT
     64-17-5, Ethanol, biological studies
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (nonsurgical treatment of hepatocellular carcinoma
        in humans)
    ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
L_2
    Pharmaceutical compositions containing thalidomide for the
     treatment of hepatocellular carcinoma
     2001:643415 CAPLUS
ΔN
DN
    135:185507
ΤI
    Pharmaceutical compositions containing thalidomide for the
     treatment of hepatocellular carcinoma
IN
    Huang, Chun-Ying; Whang-Peng, Jia-Kang; Chen, Li-Tzong; Liu, Tsang-Wu;
     Chang, Jang-Yang; Hsu, Ming-Chu
PΑ
     TTY Biopharm Company Limited, Taiwan
    U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 11 pp.
SO
     CODEN: USXXCO
DT
    Patent
LА
    English
FAN.CNT 1
                    KIND DATE
    PATENT NO.
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
     -----, ----
                           ------
                                           -----
    US 2001018445 A1 20010830 US 2001-768442 EP 1226824 A1 20020731 EP 2001-300601
PΤ
                                                             20010124
                                                             20010124
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
     JP 2001240542
                                           JP 2001-23900
                    A2 20010904
                                                             20010131
PRAI TW 2000-89101826 A
                            20000202
    A pharmaceutical compn. for the treatment of hepatocellular
     carcinoma comprises thalidomide and a pharmaceutically
     acceptable carrier. Capsules each contg. 50 mg drug prepd. from
     thalidomide 50, lactose 50, corn starch 18, and Avicel 65 mg. The
     components were blended, passed through a No. 45 mesh-sieve, and filled
     into hard gelatin capsules.
ΤI
     Pharmaceutical compositions containing thalidomide for the
     treatment of hepatocellular carcinoma
AΒ
    A pharmaceutical compn. for the treatment of hepatocellular
     carcinoma comprises thalidomide and a pharmaceutically
     acceptable carrier. Capsules each contg. 50 mg drug prepd. from
     thalidomide 50, lactose 50, corn starch 18, and Avicel 65 mg. The
     components were blended, passed through a No. 45 mesh-sieve, and filled
     into hard gelatin capsules.
ST
     thalidomide hepatocellular carcinoma
     inhibitor pharmaceutical
IT
    Embolism
        (embolization, chemo-; pharmaceutical compns. contq.
        thalidomide for treatment of hepatocellular
        carcinoma)
ΙT
    Liver, neoplasm
        (hepatoma, metastasis, inhibitors; pharmaceutical compns. contg.
        thalidomide for treatment of hepatocellular
        carcinoma)
IT
    Antitumor agents
        (hepatoma, metastasis; pharmaceutical compns. contq.
        thalidomide for treatment of hepatocellular
        carcinoma)
ΙT
    Liver, neoplasm
```

(hepatoma, metastatic; pharmaceutical compns. contg. thalidomide for treatment of hepatocellular carcinoma)

IT Liver, neoplasm

(hepatoma; pharmaceutical compns. contg. thalidomide for treatment of hepatocellular carcinoma)

Angiogenesis inhibitors IT

Gene therapy

Immunotherapy

(pharmaceutical compns. contg. thalidomide for treatment of hepatocellular carcinoma)

Hormones, animal, biological studies IT

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (pharmaceutical compns. contg. thalidomide for treatment of hepatocellular carcinoma)

IT

50-35-1, **Thalidomide**RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(pharmaceutical compns. contg. thalidomide for treatment of hepatocellular carcinoma)

L: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (effects of thalidomide on liver cancer
 angiogenesis in mice)

IT 50-35-1, Thalidomide
 RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (effects of thalidomide on liver cancer
 angiogenesis in mice)

=>

AN 2000:48781 CAPLUS

DN 132:175214

New anti-angiogenesis agents: review of the clinical experience with carboxyamido-triazole (CAI), thalidomide, TNP-470, and interleukin-12

AU Masiero, Laura; Figg, William D.; Kohn, Elise C.

CS Laboratory of Pathology, National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, MD, 20892, USA

SO Angiogenesis (1997), 1(1), 23-35 CODEN: AGIOFT; ISSN: 0969-6970

PB Kluwer Academic Publishers

DT Journal; General Review

LA English

CC 1-0 (Pharmacology)

A review with 83 refs. is given focussing on 4 agents under investigation AB in the US: carboxyamido-triazole (CAI), thalidomide, TNP-470, and interleukin (IL)-12. Angiogenesis was postulated to be a crit. prognostic factor and therapeutic focus for malignancy more than 2 decades ago. Recent studies indicate quant. assessments of microvessel count to be an independent prognostic variable for disease-free and overall survival in a wide variety of tumors, and that angiogenesis may be a feasible target against which to intervene pharmacol. Several new and old agents were found to have anti-angiogenic activity and have reached clin. trial. This review will focus on 4 agents under investigation in the US: carboxyamido-triazole (CAI), thalidomide, TNP-470, and interleukin (IL)-12. CAI, originally identified for its anti-invasive capacity, was shown to inhibit tumor and endothelial cell proliferation by inhibition of Ca uptake. It is administered orally, is generally well tolerated, and was shown to induce disease stabilization and occasional redns. in tumor Thalidomide was shown to inhibit growth factor-induced neo-vessel formation, a process that can also explain its earlier devastating clin. toxicity. It is administered orally, and is currently in phase II clin. trials for prostate cancer, glioblastoma multiforme, and breast cancer. TNP-470 is a fumagillin analog that was shown in in vivo models to be a potent inhibitor of angiogenesis at concns. that are cytostatic to endothelial cells and tumor cells. Lastly, IL-12 may exert its anti-angiogenic effects through activation of interferon-.gamma. to up-regulate interferon-inducible protein-10, an anti-angiogenic cytokine. Phase I clin. trials of IL-12 have shown disease stabilization in several tumor types in response to s.c. administration or using genetically engineered IL-12-expressing patient fibroblasts. These promising new agents join the matrix metalloproteinase inhibitors as important new drugs in the anti-cancer armamentarium.

ST review angiogenesis inhibitor antitumor

IT Angiogenesis

Angiogenesis inhibitors

(new anti-angiogenesis agents)

IT Interleukin 12

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(new anti-angiogenesis agents)

IT 50-35-1, Thalidomide 99519-84-3, 1H-1,2,3-Triazole-4-carboxamide, 5-amino-1-[[3,5-dichloro-4-(4-chlorobenzoyl)phenyl]methyl]-129298-91-5, TNP-470

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(new anti-angiogenesis agents)

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